**Government Planning and Green Space**

Paragraph: 009 Reference ID: 26-009-20140306

**Planning should promote a network of greenspaces (including parks) and public places**

Development should promote public spaces and routes that are attractive, accessible, safe, uncluttered and work effectively for all users – including families, disabled people and elderly people. A system of open and green spaces that respect natural features and are easily accessible can be a valuable local resource and helps create successful places. A high quality landscape, including trees and semi-natural habitats where appropriate, makes an important contribution to the quality of an area.

Public spaces should be designed with a purpose in mind, and wherever possible deliver a range of social and environmental goals. They can take many different forms (for example path, street, square, park, plaza, green), and can serve different functions (for example informal, civic, recreational, commercial). Space left over after development, without a function, is a wasted resource, can detract from a place’s sense of identity and can increase the likelihood of crime and anti-social behaviour occurring (a function could include informal spaces and design elements that add character, and should not be limited only formal functional uses). The benefit of greenspaces will be enhanced if they are integrated into a wider green network of walkways, cycleways, open spaces and natural and river corridors.

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http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/blog/guidance/design/what-planning-objectives-can-good-design-help-achieve/#paragraph\_009